

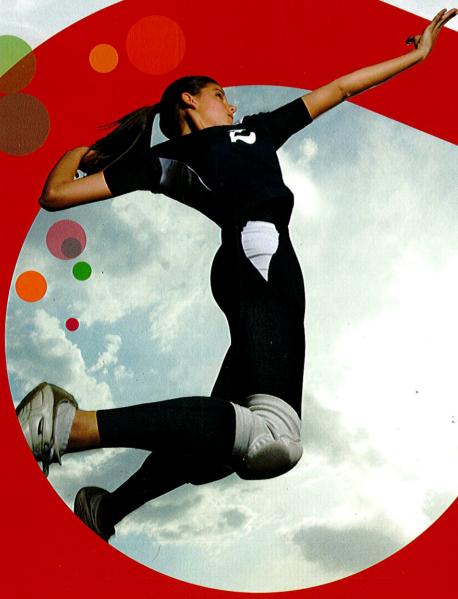


# COMPLETE



## PRELIMINARY for Schools

Student's Book without answers



**B1** 



Emma Heyderman and Peter May

For the revised exam from 2020





# COMPLETE

## PRELIMINARY for Schools

Student's Book without answers

**CAMBRIDGE** 





Emma Heyderman and Peter May

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### Map of the units

Init title	Reading	Writing	Listening
My life and home	<b>Part 5:</b> 'Sonia's home' – living on a boat Reading for understanding of vocabulary	<b>Part 1:</b> An email Planning a reply	<b>Part 2:</b> Listening for specific information Two candidates doing Speaking Part 1
At school	Part 6: 'On their way to school' – an unusual school journey in China Reading for detailed understanding of words and sentences	A post about what you used to do at primary school  Part 2: An article on what makes a great school  Using a mind map to plan an answer	Emily talking about her experiences as an exchange student  Part 1: Seven short texts about daily life Two candidates doing Speaking Part 3
	Vocabulary a	nd grammar review Units 1 and 2	
Having fun	<b>Part 3:</b> 'Ariana's hobby – sand sculptures' Reading for detailed understanding	<b>Part 2:</b> A story about a day out Planning paragraphs	<b>Part 4:</b> Ryan Parilla – an Instagram photographer Talking about a skiing holiday Two candidates doing Speaking Part 2
On holiday	Part 1: Identifying text purpose	Part 1: An email Suggesting where to go in a city and what to do	Discussing a quiz  Part 3: 'A bushcraft skills course for young people'  A family discussing their next holiday
	Vocabularu a	nd grammar review Units 3 and 4	
Different feelings	Part 4: 'How I dealt with stress' Identifying the topic of a paragraph Identifying linking words (this, then, do, also, however, etc.)	Part 2: A story Using adjectives to describe feeling	<b>Part 2:</b> Listening for facts, opinions or feelings Two candidates doing Speaking Part 4
That's entertainment!	Part 2: 'Turn off the TV and go out! Selecting events from an entertainment guide	Part 2: An article about a celebration in your country Using the correct style for an article	Eliza and Bella planning a night out <b>Part 1:</b> Seven short texts about daily life Two candidates doing Speaking Part 3
	Vocabulary a	nd grammar review Units 5 and 6	的影響。
Getting around	Part 1: Identifying text purpose	<b>Part 1:</b> An email Useful email expressions	Part 4: Olivia talks about extremely heavy snow while travelling in Italy Identifying distracting information Mia and Owen discuss getting to the station on time Two candidates doing Speaking Part 2
Influencers	Famous families <b>Part 6:</b> An article about Hannah Alper, a famous <i>influencer</i>	Part 2: An article about a person you admire Using correct spelling and punctuation	Part 3: 'How to become famous on YouTub Completing notes Carter and Will discuss presenters for a YouTube channel Three candidates doing Speaking Part 1
	Vocabulary a	nd grammar review Units 7 and 8	
Stay fit and healthy	<b>Part 3:</b> 'Teenager Julia Ryan talks about sleep' Identifying opinion and attitude	<b>Part 2:</b> A story about feeling nervous Using a range of past tenses to explain what happened	Part 2: People talking in six different situations Identifying the situation and what you nee to listen for Two candidates doing Speaking Part 4
Looks amazing!	<b>Part 2:</b> 'Our top picks at the Street Food market' Selecting places to eat	Part 2: An article	<b>Part 1:</b> Seven short texts about daily life Listening carefully for information Two candidates doing Speaking Part 2
	Vocabulary an	d grammar review Units 9 and 10	
The natural world	'Scientists use robot chick to study penguins'  Part 5: 'A school expedition abroad'	<b>Part 1:</b> An email Checking your work for mistakes	Part 4: Looking for the Iberian lynx Identifying expressions with similar or different meanings Two candidates doing Speaking Part 4
Express yourself!	Part 4: 'Can you live without technology for a week?' Matching sentences to paragraphs	Part 2: A story Using a range of tenses and reported speech	Raising money for charity  Part 3: A competition to design a new app  Two candidates doing Speaking Part 1

Speaking	Pronunciation	Vocabulary	Grammar
Part 1: Saying your name, how old you are, where you live and study	-s endings /s/, /z/ and /ɪz/	House and home Countable and uncountable nouns	Prepositions of time Frequency adverbs Present simple and present continuous State verbs a few, a bit of, many, much, a lot of and lots of Prepositions of place
<b>Part 3:</b> Discussing a new lunchtime club for students Agreeing and disagreeing Making a decision	<i>-ed</i> endings /d/, /t/ and /ɪd/	A typical school day fail, pass, take, lose, miss, study and teach do, earn, have, make, spend and take	Past simple Past simple and past continuous used to So do I and Nor/Neither do I
Part 2: Describing a picture Explaining what you can see and where things are	- <i>ing</i> endings /ŋ/	Leisure activities Prepositions of place Phrasal verbs People's hobbies	Verbs followed by <i>to</i> or <i>-ing</i>
Part 3: Discussing where to go in a capital city Making suggestions and giving reasons	Weak forms in comparative structures	Holiday activities travel, journey and trip Buildings and places	Comparative and superlative adjectives a bit, a little, slightly, much, far, a lot not as as big and enormous (gradable and non-gradable adjectives)
<b>Part 4:</b> Describing personal experiences Asking other people what they think	Modal verbs: weak and strong forms	Feelings Adjectives and prepositions Adjectives with -ed and -ing Adjectives of emotion and their opposites	can, could, might, may (ability and possibility) should, shouldn't, ought to, must, mustn't, have to and don't have to (advice, obligation and prohibition)
<b>Part 3:</b> Discussing plans for a festival Moving on to a new subject	Contrastive stress	Television programmes Going out been/gone, meet, get to know, know and find out	Present perfect just, already and yet since and for Present perfect or past simple?
Part 2: Describing what people are doing in photos Adding new points, and correcting yourself Describing things you don't know the name of	Word stress in compound nouns	Weather Compound words	extremely, fairly, quite, rather, really and very too and enough The future: will, going to, present continuous and present simple Prepositions of movement
Part 1: Answering general questions Talking about your daily routine and what you like	Conditional sentences: Contracted words	Phrasal verbs Describing people Adjective prefixes and suffixes Adjective order	Zero, first and second conditionals When, if, unless + present, future
Part 4: Discussing sport, fitness and health Showing agreement and polite disagreement	Word stress: agreeing and disagreeing	Illnesses and accidents Sports go, play and do	which, that, who, whose, when and where clauses (defining and non-defining) Past perfect
Part 2: Describing everyday objects in photos Explaining what things are made of or used for	Connected speech: linking sounds	course, dish, food, meal and plate Shops and services	Commands and instructions Have something done
Part 4: Discussing ways to help the environment Giving examples	Word stress in longer nouns	The natural world Noun suffixes	The passive: present and past simple Comparative and superlative adverbs
Part 1: General questions Talking about habits and routines	Intonation in direct and indirect questions	Collocations: using your phone ask, ask for, speak, talk, say and tell Negative prefixes	Reported speech and reported commands Reported questions Indirect questions

#### Introduction

#### Who this book is for

Complete Preliminary for Schools is a stimulating and thorough preparation course for school-aged learners who wish to take the **B1 Preliminary for Schools exam** from **Cambridge Assessment English**. It helps them to develop the necessary reading, writing, listening and speaking skills for the exam as well as teaching essential grammar and vocabulary. For those who are not planning to take the exam in the near future, the book provides skills and language based around engaging topics, all highly relevant for school-aged learners moving towards a B1 level of English.

#### What the Student's Book contains:

- 12 units for classroom study. Each unit contains:
  - an authentic exam task taken from each of the four papers (Reading, Speaking, Writing and Listening) in the B1 Preliminary for Schools exam.
  - essential information on what each part of the exam involves, and the best way to approach each task. Exam advice boxes before exam tasks explain how to do this.
  - a wide range of enjoyable speaking activities designed to increase learners' fluency and ability to express themselves.
  - a step-by-step approach to doing Preliminary for Schools Writing tasks.
  - grammar activities and exercises for the grammar learners need to know for the exam. When you are doing grammar exercises, you will sometimes see this symbol
     These exercises are based on research from the Cambridge Learner Corpus and they deal with the areas which often cause problems for students in the exam.
  - vocabulary activities and exercises for the vocabulary you need to know for the exam. When you see this symbol by a vocabulary exercise, the exercise focuses on words which Preliminary for Schools candidates often confuse or use wrongly in the exam.
- **Six unit reviews**. These contain exercises which revise the grammar and vocabulary in each unit.
- Speaking and Writing reference sections. These explain
  the possible tasks students may have to do in the Speaking
  and Writing papers, and they give you examples and
  models together with additional exercises and advice on
  how best to approach these Speaking and Writing exam
  tasks.
- A Grammar reference section which clearly explains, unit by unit, all the main areas of grammar which you will need to know for the B1 Preliminary for Schools exam. There are also practice exercises for all grammar points.

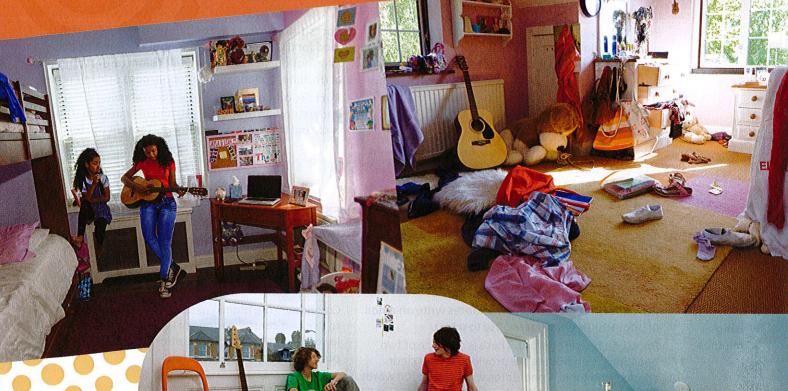
#### Also available:

- **Downloadable audio online** containing all the listening material for the 12 units of the Student's Book plus material for the Speaking Bank. The listening material is indicated by coloured icons (02) in the Student's Book.
- · A Teacher's Book containing:
  - **Step-by-step guidance** for teaching the activities in the Student's Book.
  - A number of suggestions for alternative treatments of activities in the Student's Book and suggestions for extension activities.
  - Photocopiable recording scripts from the Student's Book listening material.
  - **Complete answer keys** including recording scripts for all the listening material.
  - 12 photocopiable word lists (one for each unit)
     containing vocabulary found in the units. Each vocabulary
     item in the word list is accompanied by a definition
     supplied by the corpus-informed Cambridge Learner's
     Dictionary.
  - Access to extra photocopiable materials online to practise and extend language abilities outside the requirements of the B1 Preliminary for Schools exam.
- A Student's Workbook containing:
  - 12 units for homework and self-study. Each unit contains further exam-style exercises to practise the reading, writing and listening skills needed in the **B1 Preliminary** for Schools exam. In addition, they provide further practice of grammar and vocabulary, which also use information about common Preliminary for Schools candidate errors from the Cambridge Learner Corpus ••
- A 'Vocabulary Extra' section, which contains twelve pages
  of further revision and practice of the essential Preliminary
  for Schools exam vocabulary contained in the Student's
  Book units.
- Downloadable audio online containing all the listening material for the Workbook.
- A Test Generator containing:
  - A **Grammar and Vocabulary Test** at standard and plus levels of each of the 12 units in the Student's Book.
  - Three Term Tests including grammar, vocabulary and PET Writing, Speaking, Listening and Reading exam tasks.
  - An End of Year Test including grammar and vocabulary from all 12 units, with PET Writing, Speaking, Listening and Reading exam tasks.

### B1 Preliminary for Schools content and overview

Part/Timing	Content	Exam focus
1 Reading 45 minutes	Part 1 Five very short texts: signs and messages, postcards, notes, emails, labels, etc. followed by five three-option multiple choice questions.  Part 2 Five descriptions of people to match to eight short texts.  Part 3 Longer text with five four-option multiple choice questions.  Part 4 Gapped text where five sentences have been removed Candidates must select the five correct sentences from a list of eight.  Part 5 Four-option multiple choice cloze text with six gaps. Candidates select the word which best fits each gap.  Part 6 An open cloze text consisting of a text with six gaps. Candidates think of a word which best suits each gap.	Parts 1-4 and Part 6: Candidates are expected to read for the main message, global meaning, specific information, detailed comprehension, understanding of attitude, opinion and writer purpose and inference.  Part 5: Candidates are expected to show understanding of vocabulary and grammar in a short text, and the lexico-structural patterns in the text.
<b>2</b> <b>Writing</b> 45 minutes	Part 1 An informal email. Candidates write an email of about 100 words in response to a text.  Part 2 An article or story. There is a choice of two questions. Candidates are provided with a clear context and topic. Candidates write about 100 words.	Candidates are mainly assessed on their ability to use and control a range of Preliminary-level language. Coherent organisation, spelling and punctuation are also assessed.
3 Listening approximately 30 minutes	Part 1 Short monologues or dialogues with seven three-option multiple choice questions with pictures.  Part 2 Six short unrelated dialogues with six three-option multiple choice questions.  Part 3 Longer monologue. Candidates complete six sentences with information from the recording.  Part 4 Longer monologue or interview. Six three-option multiple choice questions.	Candidates are expected to identify the attitudes and opinions of speakers, and listen to identify gist, key information, specific information and detailed meaning, and to identify, understand and interpret meaning.
<b>4 Speaking</b> 12 minutes	Part 1 A short conversation with the interlocutor. The interlocutor asks the candidates questions in turn, using standardised questions.  Part 2 An individual long turn for each candidate. A colour photograph is given to each candidate in turn and they talk about it for about a minute. Each photo has a different topic.  Part 3 A two-way conversation between candidates (visual stimulus with spoken instructions). The interlocutor sets up the activity.  Part 4 A discussion on topics related to the collaborative task in Part 3. The interlocutor asks the candidates the questions.	Candidates are expected to be able to ask and understand questions and make appropriate responses, and to talk freely on topics of personal interest.

# My life and home



#### Starting off

- Work in pairs and answer the questions.
  - The pictures show four bedrooms. Tell each other what you can see in the photos.
  - Which room is most like yours? Which is the most different? Give reasons.
  - What changes would you like to make to your room?
  - When you go away, what do you miss about your room?

#### Listening Part 2

- Work in pairs. Tell your partner about these things.
  - · the building where you live
  - the street where your home is
  - a place where you would like to live

- Before you listen, quickly read the first line of each question and underline the key words.
- Don't choose an answer until you have heard the whole text for that question.



You will hear people talking in six different situations.
With your partner, look at questions 1–6. Who will you hear? What is the situation in each conversation?

#### I two friends, a flat they would like to live in

- 1 You will hear two friends talking about the kind of flat they would like to live in.
  - They agree that it should
  - A be on one of the higher floors.
  - **B** have at least three bedrooms.
  - **c** be close to public transport.
- 2 You will hear a boy telling his friend about changing school. What does he say about it?
  - A He finds the lessons hard.
  - **B** He still misses his old school friends.
  - **C** He thinks his new classmates are unfriendly.
- **3** You will hear a girl talking about a trip to the beach. What did she like best about it?
  - A swimming in the sea
  - B going on a free boat trip
  - **C** playing volleyball
- 4 You will hear two friends talking about the town where they live. They agree that
  - A there's too much traffic.
  - **B** some parts of it are dangerous.
  - C it's smaller than they would like.
- 5 You will hear a boy talking to a friend about a shop. What does the boy think about the shop?
  - A There aren't enough assistants.
  - **B** The prices there are reasonable.
  - C It sells a wide variety of items.
- 6 You will hear two friends talking about their homes. The girl says her room would be better if
  - A it was quieter.
  - B it was a lot bigger.
  - C it was sometimes warmer.
- For each question, choose the correct answer. Listen again and check your answers.
- Think of the three best and worst things about the place where you live. Use the ideas below, or your own.
  Work in small groups and compare ideas.
  - · how big or small it is
  - interesting places to visit
  - the people who live there
  - traffic and public transport
  - · how safe it is
  - · things for young people to do

#### **Prepositions of time**

- Page 116 Grammar reference Prepositions of time
- Exam candidates often make mistakes with prepositions of time. Choose the correct option in *italics*.
  - 1 I sometimes leave work (in) / on the evening.
  - 2 On / In summer, you must come to Poland.
  - 3 I'll see you on / at 4 o'clock.
  - 4 We usually go to the beach at / in the morning.
  - **5** I go shopping *in / on* Saturday.
- 6 Complete the table with phrases from the box. Think of more phrases to add to the table.

5 o'clock 2020 bedtime half past four July 25 May my birthday Sundays the afternoon the holidays the weekend— weekdays winter

at (with times of the day and the weekend)

(with parts of the day, years, months and seasons)

on (with days and dates)

the weekend

When do people do the things in the pictures? When do you do them? Use prepositions of time.

Some people go by bus very early in the morning. I get the bus at 8.15.



#### Grammar

#### Frequency adverbs

- Page 116 Grammar reference: Frequency adverbs
- Read about daily habits in Julian's town. How similar is it to life where you live?

On weekdays, most people get up between seven and eight o'clock and they sometimes have cereal for breakfast. They have lunch at around one o'clock most days. Dinnertime is usually at about six. People don't usually go to bed late. They often go to bed at ten.

- Work in pairs.
  - Do frequency adverbs like often, sometimes and usually go before or after the main verbs (like go or have)?
  - 2 Which is correct: frequency adverb + be, or be + frequency adverb?
  - **3** Where do we usually put longer frequency expressions like *every day* or *most days*?
- Complete the sentences with the words in brackets.
  - 1 Ilisten to music on the radio. (occasionally) loccasionally listen to music on the radio.
  - 2 I check my phone for messages. (every two hours)
  - 3 I'm late for school. (never)
  - 4 I write emails to friends. (sometimes)
  - 5 I don't have lunch at home. (always)
  - 6 I'm sleepy in the morning. (almost every day)
  - 7 I go out on Monday nights. (hardly ever)
  - 8 I stay in bed late. (most weekends)

#### **Reading** Part 5

- Work in small groups. Look at the pictures on page 11.
  - Tell each other about the homes in the pictures.
  - Which would you like to have a holiday in? Which would you like to live in all the time?
  - · Do you know of other unusual places to live?
    - · Look at the words before and after each gap.
    - Don't look at the gaps yet. Read the text to get a general idea of the type of text, its topic and the main points.

Exam

advice

 Try each of A, B, C and D in the gap.
 Which has the right meaning and fits the grammar of the sentence? 4 Make sentences 1-8 from Exercise 3 true for you. Change the frequency adverbs, if necessary. Then work in pairs and compare your sentences.

I rarely listen to music on the radio.

Really? I listen to music on the radio all the time.

5 Work in pairs. How often do you do the things in the pictures? Use expressions like every day, once a week and twice a month.

I text my best friend every day.

I tidy my room once a month!



- Read the article without filling in the gaps.
  Answer the questions.
  - **1** What kind of text is it? (e.g. a story, an article ...)
  - 2 Which photo matches the text?
  - 3 Which four of these points are in the text?
  - Sonia goes to lots of places and does exciting things.
  - She doesn't meet people of her own age.
  - Her education takes place on the boat.
  - · Living on a boat has some disadvantages.
  - She doesn't usually feel afraid when she's on the boat.

Read the article below and for each question, choose the correct answer. Use the questions in italics to help you.

### Sonia's Home

Most teenagers live in flats or houses, but right now Sonia Ruiz is waking up somewhere in the Pacific Ocean because her home is a 20-metre boat. She has (1) ...... over half her life sailing with her mother and father, who are both scientists. Sonia's unusual (2) ...... of life means she regularly sees whales and gets to swim with dolphins, and she has (3) friends all over the world. She does her schoolwork online and her studies are going well. Life on board, though, is sometimes uncomfortable. Space is limited, so there are no wide-screen TVs or soft sofas.

Bad (4) ..... that lasts for days is common, (5) in winter. Storms at sea can be frightening. although modern boat equipment usually helps sailors

(6) ..... them.

Sonia loves her boat and she nearly always feels safe on it. She contacts friends by using social media and whenever they get together, they have great fun in the sea and on the beach.



1 Which word do we use with a period of time?

A passed

B used

C taken

spent

2 Which noun often goes with 'of life'?

A path

**B** way

C road

track

3 Which verb often goes with 'friends'? **B** formed

A added

C caught

made

4 Which noun often goes with 'bad'?

A climate **B** forecast C weather

**D** temperature

5 Which adverb means 'especially'?

A particularly

**B** extremely

**C** completely

**D** absolutely

6 Which verb means 'keep away from'?

A prevent

**B** control

C avoid

remove

Work in small groups. Which of these would you like? Which wouldn't you like? Give reasons.

- often going to different places
- rarely seeing friends
- never going to school
- making new friends around the world
- having very little space at home
- living close to nature all the time
- Do you think it's good for a teenager to live like Sonia? Why / Why not?

#### Grammar

#### Present simple and present continuous

- Page 117 Grammar reference Present simple and present continuous
- Page 118 Grammar reference State verbs
- 1 Match the extracts from the article (1–5) with the uses of the present simple and present continuous (a–e).
  - 1 Most teenagers live in flats or houses. e
  - 2 Sonia Ruiz is waking up somewhere.
  - 3 She regularly sees whales.
  - 4 Her studies are going well.
  - 5 Sonia loves her boat.
  - a something that happens regularly
  - **b** something in progress, but not at the present moment
  - c verbs not normally used in the continuous
  - **d** something happening at the present moment
  - e something that is generally true
- Complete the email with the present simple or present continuous form of the verbs in brackets.

The second of th	
Hi David,	
I (1)	
Every day, we (7) (go) for a walk along the cliffs. The weather (8) (get) hotter every day. It was 35°C yesterday! But we always (9) (leave) the house early in the morning while that cool wind from out at sea (10) (blow). I (11) (have) a really good time here, and I (12) (not want) to go home!	
Bye for now,	
Molly	

- Make questions using the present simple or the present continuous. Add or change words if necessary.
  - 1 what / 'habit' / mean?
  - 2 the school bus / stop / in your street?
  - 3 who / watches / the most / TV / in your house?
  - 4 you / prefer / to get up / early or late?
  - 5 everyone / talk / to / their partners / at the moment?
  - 6 what colour clothes / you / wear / today?
  - 7 who / sit / behind / us / in this lesson?
  - 8 what / you / sometimes / forget / to do / in the morning?
- Work in pairs. Ask and answer the questions from Exercise 3.

What does 'habit' mean?

It means something you often do.

- Do the task below.
  - Use the present continuous to write three questions about what your partner is doing, thinking or feeling now, e.g. Are you feeling good?
  - Use the present simple to write three questions about what your partner likes, wants or prefers, e.g. Do you prefer weekdays or weekends?
  - · Ask and answer the questions.
- 6 /P/ /s/, /z/ and /ɪz/

Try saying these words. Which ones end with /s/? Which end with /z/? Which end with /iz/?

belongs catches changes chooses does finishes forgets gets goes likes lives loves passes plays practises prefers sees speaks studies thinks uses walks wants washes wears works

- Work in pairs. Think of a friend or family member. Tell your partner these things about them.
  - facts, e.g. She lives in ..., she belongs to ...
  - things he or she often does, e.g. He often plays ...
  - something your friend is doing around now, e.g. She's learning Spanish.
  - what you think your friend is doing right now, e.g. He's walking home.
- 8 Now ask your partner more questions about the friend or family member.

Where does she go to school?

Is he doing English lessons this year?

#### Vocabulary

#### House and home

Which of these does your home have?

a balcony a bathroom a bedroom a dining room a garage a garden a hall a kitchen a living room stairs

2 Look at the pictures. Where can you find the things from the box?

armchair bath blankets chest of drawers cooker cupboards cushions dishwasher duvet fridge microwave mirror pillow rug sink sofa taps toilet towels wardrobe washing machine









#### Countable and uncountable nouns

#### Page 118 Grammar reference Countable and uncountable nouns

Choose the correct option in *italics*. Check with the extract from the *Cambridge Learner's Dictionary*.

I am looking for new furniture / furnitures for my room.

#### furniture noun [U]

objects such as chairs, tables and beds that you put into a room or building.

#### **Common Learner Error**

We cannot make furniture plural. Do not say 'furnitures'.

- 4 Look at the extract again. What tells you the noun furniture is uncountable? What letter do you think there is for a countable noun?
- 5 Think about the kitchen in your home. Write down three countable and three uncountable things you can find there. Tell your partner.

#### Grammar

a few, a bit of, many, much, a lot of and lots of

Page 118 Grammar reference
a few, a bit of, many, much, a lot of, lots of

 Look at what Gina says about her free time. Then complete the rules with countable or uncountable.

I don't have much time to watch TV. There aren't many programmes I like and I usually have a lot of homework in the evenings. After that, I often like to do a bit of exercise. Sometimes my friend comes to my house. We talk a lot and we play a few video games. That's lots of fun!

#### Rules

- 1 For small numbers with ...... nouns we use a few.
- 2 For small amounts with ...... nouns we use a bit of.
- 3 With ......nouns in questions and negative sentences we use *much*.
- 4 With ...... nouns in questions and negative sentences we use *many*.
- 5 We use a lot of or lots of for large amounts or numbers. We use them with countable or uncountable nouns.
- 6 If there is no noun, we use a lot instead of a lot of.
- 2 Choose the correct option in *italics*.
  - 1 | I put a bit of / a few make-up on, but not many / much.
  - 2 It doesn't take *many | much* time to wash those clothes and it only takes *a lot of | a few* hours to dry them.
  - 3 I've got a bit of / a few video games but I can't buy any more because they cost much / a lot of money.
  - 4 Those new light bulbs don't use many / a lot of electricity, so lots of / much people are buying them.
  - 5 I don't use *much / many* shampoo, just *a bit of / a few* drops. My hair always goes dry if I use *a lot / a lot of*.
  - 6 There isn't *much | a lot* space in my bedroom so I don't keep *a bit of | many* things there.
- Work in pairs. Ask your partner what he or she likes doing at home. Use expressions from Exercise 1. Which answer most surprises you?

Do you watch much TV?

I watch a few programmes. But I spend a lot of time at home playing the piano.

#### **Speaking** Part 1

#### Prepositions of place

- Page 119 Grammar reference Prepositions of place
- page 152 Speaking bank Speaking Part 1
- Exam candidates often make mistakes with prepositions like at, in and on. Choose the correct option in italics.
  - 1 Sometimes we play on / at his house.
  - 2 He sometimes goes running at / in the park.
  - 3 We usually stay in / at home playing computer games.
  - 4 There's a window on / in the left of my bed.
  - 5 I normally spend my day in / at the beach.
  - 6 I have some photos in / on the wall.
- Work in pairs. Tell each other about your apartment or house. Describe each room and what's in it. Draw a picture of your partner's home. Show it to your partner.
- Complete the gaps with at, in and on.

school a town a country my room

the coast a hill an island

- 4 Put the words in order to make questions. Then match the questions with the answers.
  - 1 your/what's/name? -What's your name?
  - 2 old/you/are/how?
  - 3 live / where / you / do?
  - 4 at / English / do / study / school / you?
  - 5 it/you/like/do?
- a In Ancona, a town on the coast, in Italy.
- **b** Yes, because I enjoy talking to people in English.
- c I'm 13. I'll be 14 next month.
- -d Matteo Bianchi.
- Yes, I have English lessons every day.

- Work in pairs. Ask and answer the questions from Exercise 4. Use the correct prepositions in your answers.
- 6 Complete the dialogue with the correct form of the verbs in brackets and prepositions of place and time.



Matteo:	How old (1)are you (you / be), Alba?
Alba:	I'm 15. My birthday was (2) March.
Matteo:	And where <b>(3)</b> (you / come) from?
Alba:	I live (4) Manresa, a town about 60 kilometres from Barcelona.
Matteo:	Who (5) (you / live) with?
Alba:	With my parents and my little brother Miquel, who's still (6) primary school.
Matteo:	How (7) (you / go) to school?
Alba:	I usually go by bus, but (8)spring and summer I sometimes walk.
Matteo:	What (9) (you / enjoy) doing in your free time?
Alba:	Well, I really like seeing my friends (10) the evenings and (11)weekends, but I often stay



Listen and check.

 In the Speaking exam, be friendly and polite when you meet the examiners and the other candidate.

(12) ..... home and read.

- Speak clearly and loudly enough for the examiners and your partner to hear you.
- Give longer answers by adding details such as places and times of day.



Work in new pairs. Ask and answer the questions from Exercise 6.