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SPEAKING	GRAMMAR	VOCABULARY	REAL WORLD
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	Present simple – he/she/it		
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HOW TO USE THIS BOOK

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Large images at the start of each unit introduce the topic and get you talking

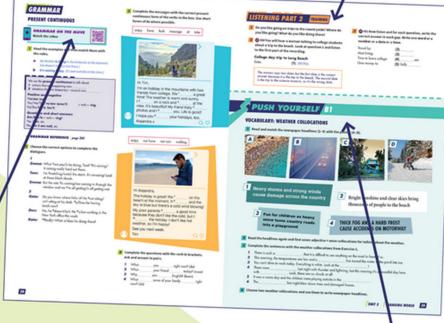


EXAM TRAINING

'Training' exam tasks provide guidance and tips on each part of the exam

DID YOU KNOW?

Learn the differences between British English and American English



GRAMMAR ON THE MOVE

Scan the QR codes to watch grammar animations in your free time to learn about each grammar point

PUSH YOURSELF

Learn and practise more challenging language and skills that take you to the next level

EXAM FOCUS

Read exam tips and facts and do two complete practice exam tasks after every unit

EXAM CHECKS

test what you remember about the exam





REAL WORLD

pages take you outside the classroom and into the real world



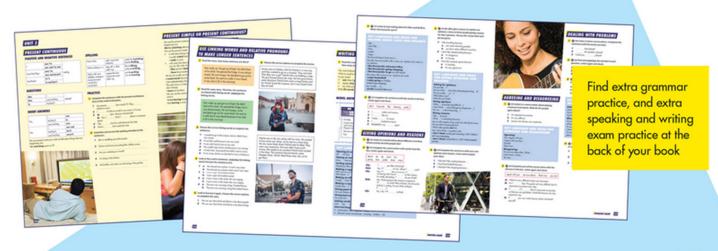
PHRASES YOU MIGHT USE AND HEAR

Learn and practise phrases you might use and hear when you are using English in the real world

> Scan the QR codes to watch videos of different locations around the world on your mobile phone

LIFE COMPETENCIES

Develop important skills, knowledge and attitudes that you can use in your daily life







2 002 Listen to the people. Where are they? Match the places in the box with the photos and the dialogues.

on holiday in an English class at a sports centre

- Hi, I ______ Ben. What's your name?
 Hello, Ben. My name _____ Jim. Nice to meet you.
 Nice to meet you, too, Jim. _____ this the basketball club?
 No, it _____ . It ____ five-a-side football.
- 5 ____ you British?
 6 No, we ____ . We ___ Canadian.
 7 Oh, that ____ interesting. Where ____ you from in Canada?
 - Provided the content of the content



3 002 Now read the dialogues and complete them with the words in the box. Then listen again and check your answers.

am a	re aren'i	t is	isn't	'm	's	're
------	-----------	------	-------	----	----	-----

⇒ GRAMMAR REFERENCE / page 196



COUNTRIES AND NATIONALITIES

Complete the dialogues with the words in the box.

American	French	Italian
Mexican	Spanish	Chinese

- 1 A: Who's that girl over there?
 - B: That's Mia. She's in my class. She's very nice.
 - A: Is she
 - B: No, she isn't from Italy. She's from New York. She's ______.
- 2 A: Are Juana and Carlos
 - B: Carlos is, but Juana isn't from Spain. She's from Mexico so she's
- 3 A: Where are you from in France? Are you from Paris?
 - **B:** No, I'm not ______, I'm Canadian. What nationality are you?
 - A: I'm _____. I'm from Shanghai in China.



Read the information about Karl's family. Look at the photos and write the names.





Karl is 33 and he's a sports teacher. He's married and his wife's name is Zadie. She's 31 and she's a computer programmer. Their son, Adam, is seven years old. Karl's father is a sports teacher, too. His name is Robert and he's 62. Karl's mother's name is Adi. She's 64 and she doesn't work.

Karl's brother's name is Leroy. He's 28 and he's a nurse in a hospital. He's single.

Karl has also got a sister. Her name is Lily. She's an actor. She's married and her husband is an actor, too. His name is Marco. Lily and Marco are 30. Marco is Italian and he comes from Naples.



_				
Read the text again and mat	ch the	questions	3	

- and answers. How old is Karl's son?
- Who is Leroy?
- 3 What is Zadie's job?
- Where is Marco from?
- 5 Whose husband is an actor?
- How many children have Karl's parents got?
- She's a computer programmer.
- He's seven.
- He's Karl's brother.
- They've got three.
- He's from Italy.

5	
6	

7	
8	

Look at the questions in Exercise 2. Which question word(s) in pink do we use to:

- ask a question about a person?
- ask about a place?
- ask a question about a thing?
- ask a question about a person's age?
- ask about something that belongs to someone else?
- ask about the number of things or people?

Karl's family = the family of Karl

He's a sports teacher. = He is a sports teacher.

His parents' names are ... = The names of his parents are ...

The children's book is new. = the book of the children is new.

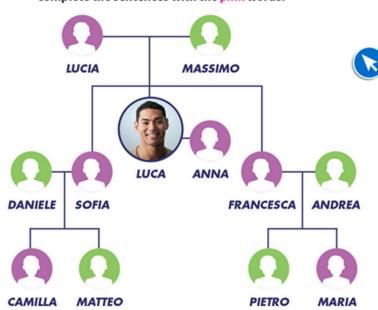
\Rightarrow GRAMMAR REFERENCE / page 197



FAMILIES



Look at Luca's family tree and read the texts. Then complete the sentences with the pink words.



- Luca's parents' names are Lucia and Massimo. They've got three children and four grandchildren: two grandsons and two granddaughters.
- Luca hasn't got a brother, but he's got two sisters. They are both married and they've both got a son and a daughter. This means that Luca and Anna are the uncle and aunt of two nephews and two nieces. Their nephews are Pietro and Matteo (the boys) and their nieces are Camilla and Maria (the girls).
- Massimo and Lucia are the grandfather and grandmother of Sofia's and Francesca's children.
- Camilla and Matteo have got two cousins: Pietro, and Maria.

1	Your parents' parents are your				
2	If your brother has a son, he's your				
3	My is my mum or dad's brother.				
4	If your sister has two daughters, they are your				
5	Your mum's sister is your				
6	If your mum or dad's brothers or sisters have children, they are your				
7	I'm a girl. I'm my grandmother's and my brother				



Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

	Grandad Dad Grandpa Gran		Grandma		
1	In families, peo	ple often	call their moth	er	
2	People also oft	en call the	eir father		
3	Many people o	all their g	randmother _	or_	_
4	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			or_	



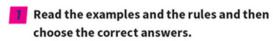
HAVE GOT



GRAMMAR ON THE MOVE

Watch the video



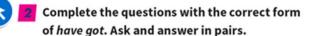


They've got three children and four grandchildren. Luca hasn't got a brother, but he's got two sisters.

	I/You/We/They	He/She/It
Positive	have got/'ve got	has got/'s got
Negative	have not got/haven't got	has not got/ hasn't got
Questions	Have got?	Has got?
Short answers	Yes, I/you/we/they have. No, I/you/we/they haven't.	Yes, he/she has. No, he/she hasn't.

⇒ GRAMMAR REFERENCE / page 196

- 1 He's/'ve got four brothers and two sisters.
- 2 We hasn't/haven't got a big house.
- 3 Have/'ve you got a dog? Yes, I have/I've got.
- 4 Has/have your mum got a computer? Yes, she's/has.



	_ you ar	ny brothers and
sisters?		
	your best friend	a car?
How mo	ny children	your grandfathe
	ś	, ,
	your friend	a cat or a dog
	your friend	a car or a ac



Look at the photo. What do you think his job is? What languages do you think he can speak?



Now read the text and check your answers.

Miguel is 30 years old. He comes from Porto in Portugal, but he doesn't live there. He lives in New York. He works at a dance school as a dance teacher. He can speak English and Portuguese and of course he can dance very well!

Miguel isn't married and he hasn't got any children. He's got a family in

Portugal. His parents live in Porto and he's got two sisters. He can phone his family but he can't visit them.

New York is very interesting and Miguel loves the city. He's got lots of friends and he likes his job.



Read the text again and choose the correct answers.

- Miguel comes from New York/Porto.
- He can speak two languages/three languages.
- He's a Portuguese teacher/a dance teacher.
- Miguel has got two sisters/two daughters.
- Miguel can dance/visit his family.



CAN



GRAMMAR ON THE MOVE

Watch the video





Read the examples and complete the rules.

He can speak English and Portuguese. He can dance very well. He can't visit his family. Can he visit his family? No, he can't.

Positive I/You/He/She/It/We/They 1 I/You/He/She/It/We/They 2 Negative /cannot Questions I/you/he/she/it/we/they? Yes, I/you/he/she/it/we/they can. Short answers No, I/you/he/she/it/we/they 4



GRAMMAR REFERENCE / page 197

Use the words and phrases to make questions with can. Ask and answer with a partner. Think of three more questions to ask.

speak English dance swim play tennis cook

Can you speak Chinese?

Yes, I can, a little.

No, I can't.

PRESENT SIMPLE - HE/SHE/IT

Does he work at a dance school?



Read the sentences and complete the rules with like.

He comes from Porto. He doesn't live there.

He loves the city. He likes his job. Yes, he does.

Positive Negative	He/Sh He/Sh		
Questions	3	he/she/it 4	ş
Short answers	Yes, he/she/it ⁵ No, he/she/it ⁶		

SRAMMAR REFERENCE / page 197

Read the information about Polly and complete the sentences with the verbs in the box.



1	Polly	in South London.
2	Polly	from Ireland.
3	Polly	cooking and music.
4	Polly	at a pizza restaurant



- Match the questions and answers a-c.
 - Where does Polly come from?
 - 2 Does she like computers?
 - Does she like cats?
 - No, she doesn't.
 - Yes, she does.
 - She comes from Ireland.
- Complete the sentences and questions about Polly with the verbs in brackets. Write answers for the questions.

Polly			_ in Ireland. (not live)
	Polly she		_ Italian? (can/speak) a job? (have got)
Where		Polly	? (work)
	Polly		_ snakes? (like)
Polly	,		cars. (not like)



PERSONAL INFORMATION

P Work in pairs. Can you say the alphabet in English? Are there any letters that you don't know how to say? Which ones?

ABCDEFGHIJK LMNOPQRST UVWXYZ



© 004 Work in pairs. Practise saying these groups of letters. What do you think they mean? Listen and check your answers.

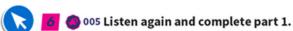
1 UK 2 USA 3 EU 4 DOB 5 LOL

DID YOU KNOW?

British English speakers pronounce the letter **z** as /zed/, but American English speakers say /zi:/.

Have you got: a passport/a driving licence/a national ID card? What information is on it?

5 005 Listen to George giving information about himself. Where is he?



First name	
Surname	

006 Now listen to the rest of the conversation and complete part 2.

	DOB	
2	Address	
_	Phone number	

8 Read the answers and complete the questions.

1	What's your	ŝ
	My name's Jane Fo	airley.
2	How do you	that?
	J-A-N-E F-A-I-	R-L-E-Y
3	How are	you?
	I'm 18.	
4	What's your	Ś
	It's the 18th of Mar	ch, 1999.
5	What's your	Ś
	It's 24 Lea Road, Li	ittletown, NR4 8GJ.
6	What's your	Ś
	IV. 0721 883 6459	2

Work in pairs. Take turns to ask for and give your personal information. Ask your partner the questions in Exercise 8 and write down what they tell you.





PERSONAL INFORMATION



- Look at the photos of the famous people. Discuss in pairs.
 - What are their jobs? Why are they famous? 1
 - Where are they from?



🙆 007 Work in pairs. Match the people in Exercise 1 with their dates of birth. Listen and check your answers.

19 February 2004 4 September 1981 29 November 1990

Write down three dates that are important to you. Your partner has to guess why they are important.

Is it someone's birthday?

Yes, it is.

No, it isn't.

Is it your birthday?



A PROFILE



What can you remember about the dance teacher Miguel who lives in New York? Complete the information. Then turn to page 11 to check your answers.

Name: Likes: Lives: Age: Family: Is from: Things he can do: Languages:

- Choose a famous person or someone who you know and find out about them. Copy the list in Exercise 1 and complete it with information about this person.
- 3 Use the information to write a profile for your person. Use as much language from this unit as you can.

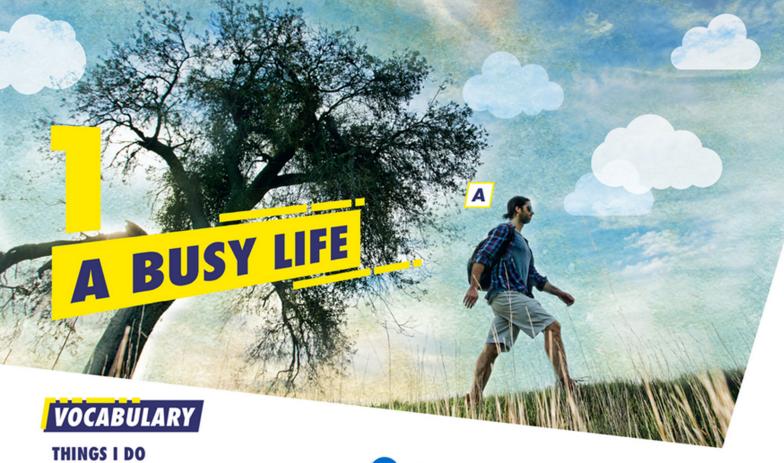
He/She lives ... His/Her family is/isn't big. He/She likes/doesn't like ...

Diego Boneta

He/She comes from ... He/She has/hasn't got ... He/She can/can't ...





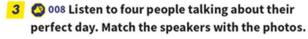


- 1 What is a perfect day for you? Discuss in pairs.
 - Is it on holiday, at the weekend, at the beach or in the city?
 - Are you alone or with friends or with family?
 - Do you go shopping, relax at home or do sport?
- B

В

2 Look at the people in the photos. Match the photos A-F with the activities in the box.

go shopping play or watch sport play video games relax at home spend time alone spend time with friends

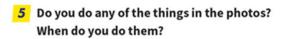


Speaker 1 _____ Speaker 2 ____ Speaker 3 ____

Speaker 4 ____

B

- 4 O 008 Answer the questions. Then listen again and check your answers.
 - 1 Where does Speaker 1 like to be on her perfect day?
 - What does Speaker 2 do when he and his friends get tired?
 - 3 What does Speaker 3 enjoy doing on his perfect day?
 - What does Speaker 4 do with her friends in the evening at the end of her perfect day?















ROUTINES



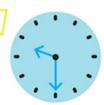
1 Write the correct time under each clock.

quarter past eight half past nine one o'clock quarter to six

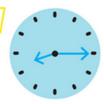




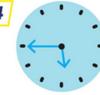
2



3



4



2 P 📀 009 Listen and repeat these times.

at half past six at half past two at quarter to four at quarter to seven at quarter past nine at quarter past eleven



- 3 🔽 🙆 009 Listen again and answer the questions.
 - 1 Which words are stressed?
 - 2 Which letter is silent in the pronunciation of half (/ha:f/)?
 - 3 How do we pronounce the unstressed o in to (/tə/) and the unstressed a in at (/ət/)?
- Where are you at these times on weekdays (Monday to Friday)? Tell your partner.
 - 8.00 in the morning
 - 2 1.30 in the afternoon
 - 3 7.45 in the evening



- 5 On the control of the control o
 - 1 What's her job?
 - 2 What's her sister's job?
 - 3 Where do they live?



- 6 On 11 Now listen to the whole interview. Are these statements true (T) or false (F)? Correct the false statements.
 - Amy wakes up at 7.30.
 - 2 She gets dressed after she has breakfast.
 - 3 Amy usually goes to work by bus.
 - 4 She starts teaching at 8.45.
 - 5 Amy often has lunch with her friends from work.
 - 6 She gets home at 5.15.
 - 7 After dinner, she always watches TV.



Complete the sentences with the verbs in the box from Amy's interview.

get dressed get on get up put on take off wake up

- My brothers have a lot of clothes and they take a long time to ______ in the morning.
- 2 Please _____ your shoes when you come inside.
- 3 Before you _____ the bus, ask the driver if it stops at the correct bus stop.
- 4 Sometimes I _____ during the night and can't go back to sleep again.
- 5 The teacher told us to _____ our sports clothes and go to the gym.
- 6 It's Sunday, so we don't need to ______ early. We can stay in bed.

BEFORE AND AFTER

I do my homework **after** school. (First I go to school, then I do my homework.)

I put on my shoes **before** I go to work. (First I put on my shoes, then I go to work.)





PRESENT SIMPLE



GRAMMAR ON THE MOVE

Watch the video





1 Read the sentences and then choose the correct options to complete the rules.

I usually **wake up** at quarter past seven, but I **don't get up!**No, she **doesn't catch** the bus. She **goes** by car.
We both **drink** coffee for breakfast. We **don't like** tea.

- We use the present simple to talk about things that happen regularly/at the moment of speaking.
- 2 We also use the present simple to talk about things that are always true/happening now.

Positive I/you/we/they + verb
Negative I/you/we/they + don't + verb
Question Do I/you/we/they + verb?
Short answers Yes, I/you/we/they do.
No, I/you/we/they don't.

Go back to page 11 for he/she/it.

⇒ GRAMMAR REFERENCE / page 198



Choose the correct options to complete the information about Olivia's day.

I *ldon't/doesn't have the same working hours every day.

Sometimes I start work at 6.00 am and so I *2get up/gets up at 4.00 am! After breakfast, I drive to the police station and *3meet/meets my partner, Joe. Joe *4don't/doesn't like getting up early. He *5feel/feels very tired!

All the police officers ⁶has/have a meeting at the beginning of the day. After that, Joe and I ⁷go/goes to the police garage and collect our car. We ⁸don't/doesn't come back to the police station until the afternoon.





3 Complete the sentences, questions and short answers with the verbs in the box in the correct form.

catch	go	have	not eat	
not get	dressed	d not	write	walk

1	My sister			ne gets up. S	She puts on her
2				of coffee fo in the	r breakfast, but morning.
3				, so he nd catches t	
4	,	_ you _	to	work by tro	iin, too?'
	'No, I_			,	
5	I_ them on			ends. I text t	hem or talk to

4 How is your weekend different from your week? Tell your partner:

- what you do during the week that you don't do at the weekend.
- what you do at the weekend that you don't do during the week.

QUESTION FORMS



5 Read these questions and complete the rules.

What time **do** you **get up**? How **does** Olivia **go** to work? Where **do** you **have** lunch? I get up at half past seven. She goes by car. I have lunch in a café.

1	To make questions with the present simple we use do and in front of the main verb.
2	We use question words such as Who, Where, When, Why, and at the beginning of the question.

⇒ GRAMMAR REFERENCE / page 198



- 6 Match the questions (1-6) with the correct answers (a-f).
 - 1 What job do you do?
 - 2 Where do your friends work?
 - 3 How does your sister get to school?
 - 4 Who do you have lunch with?
 - 5 When does your brother finish work?
 - 6 Why do you go for a walk after dinner?
 - a I eat with my colleagues in the café.
 - **b** She walks or catches the bus.
 - Late just before midnight.
 - d Because it helps me to sleep.
 - e I'm a teacher.
 - f In the city centre.



Write questions with do and does for these answers about a young man called Sergio.

NAME: SERGIO AGUZZI AGE: 21

- What _____?
 He's an apprentice.
- 2 Where _____ ?

He works for a telephone company in Rome.

Where _____ live?
He lives in a small flat near the university.

4 Who _____ with?
He lives with two friends. They're students.

5 How _____ work? He cycles. He doesn't like walking.

6 What time _____ work? He starts work at 9.00 am and finishes at 5.00 pm.

7 What ______ evening?
He watches TV or listens to music.
He doesn't like studying for his job after 9 pm.

8 Why _____ his job? He likes it because it's interesting.

- 4 Tell your partner. What do you like/love/not like doing at the weekends/at school/at work?
- 5 Interview your partner and use the question words from Exercise 7. Ask them about their job, school or university.

Where do you work/study/go to school?

How do you go to school?

Why do you like/don't you like your school?

6 Look at the photos (A & B). Where are the people? What jobs do they do?





Work in pairs. Student A, turn to page 192, Student B, turn to page 194. Read the information. Take turns to ask and answer questions to complete the missing information.

SPEAKING

WHAT YOU DO AND WHAT YOU LIKE



1 🙆 012 Listen to Sergio and complete the sentences.

1 | | like _____ TV and | love _____ to music.

2 I don't like _____ in the evenings. And I hate

(3)

2 Look at the verbs which follow like, love and hate in Exercise 1. Complete the rule.

After the verbs *love/like/hate*, the second verb in the sentence ends in ______.



3 Complete the text with a verb in the box.

dancing having listening to meeting playing shopping staying watching

At the weekend, I love 1_______ in bed in the morning.

I like 2______ music and then going downstairs and

3______ a big breakfast. On Saturdays, I like going into town and 4______ my friends. In the evening, we like going to clubs and 5______.

On Sundays, I like 6______ sports or 7_____ a film.

I also buy food for the week. I hate 8______ for food, so I usually only go to the supermarket once a week.

READING PART 2 TRAINING

Do you know anybody who works at night? What job do they do? What are the good things and the bad things about working at night?



Look at the photos below and match the jobs with the people. Then read and check your answers.

the DJ the security guard the nurse

I don't like working at night, but it's part of my job. I'm a nurse at a large hospital in Valencia.

I work five nights a month, from 11 pm to 7 am. The hospital isn't busy at night and I like the quiet.

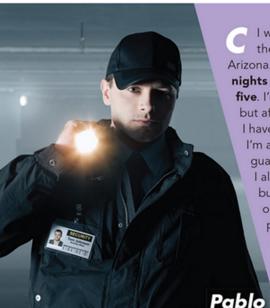
I have more time for the patients and like talking to the ones who can't sleep. I don't usually feel hungry during the night so I just have a sandwich or some fruit at 2 or 3 am.



I work at the Divo Club, Berlin.

I work four nights a week from

10 pm to 6 am. I'm a DJ and I love
playing music. I also enjoy working at
night. I like being awake when most
other people are asleep! I see a
different side of Berlin. I never have time
to eat at work, but I have a big breakfast
in the morning when the club closes.
I often go to a café with the others from
the club and watch the sunrise.



I work from 10 pm until 8 am at the Plaza shopping Mall in Reno, Arizona. I sometimes work six nights a week, but usually I work five. I'm often busy until midnight but after that, it's very quiet.

I have time to write my book – I'm a writer as well as a security guard. I stop to eat at 2 am and I always go to the all-night burger restaurant. It's the only time I speak to other people! But that's OK.

I'm happy working alone.





3 Look at question 1 below and read the tip. Then read questions 2-6 and choose the correct answers.

1 Which person doesn't always work the same number of nights?

Look at the three texts and find the sentence where the people talk about how many nights they work. This is what they say: Bridget works 'five nights a month'. Tobi works 'four nights a week'. Pablo says he 'sometimes' works 'six nights a week' but he 'usually' works 'five'. So C is the correct answer.

- 2 Which person likes working at night?
- 3 Which person has breakfast after finishing work?
- 4 Which person enjoys talking to people at work?
- 5 Which person has more than one job?
- 6 Which person doesn't eat a lot at work during the night?
- 4 Discuss in pairs.
 - 1 Can you think of any other jobs where people work at night?
 - 2 Would you like to work at night? Why?/Why not?

Bridget Tobi Pablo

A B

в с

A B C

A B C

А В С



ADVERBS OF FREQUENCY



GRAMMAR ON THE MOVE

Watch the video





1 Read the sentences and choose the correct options to complete the rules.

I **sometimes work** six nights a week. I **don't usually feel** hungry. I'**m often busy** until midnight.

We use **adverbs of frequency** to say how often something happens. In a sentence, the adverb of frequency comes:

- 1 before/after all verbs except the verb be.
- 2 before/after the verb be.
- 3 before/between/after don't or doesn't and the main verb.

→ GRAMMAR REFERENCE / page 199



2 Complete the sentences about Bridget, Tobi and Pablo with these words.

a	lways	never	often	sometimes	usually	
1				works five ni six nights.	ghts a weel	ς,
2	Tobi _		eats at v	vork – he's to	o busy.	
3		there eve	_	a fast food i	restaurant –	he
4				et doesn't wa n't		
5				Tobi es this a lot.	has break	cfa
		iis ii iciia.	. 110 000	3 11113 G 101.		

3 Now complete these sentences about you. Then tell your partner.

1	I don't usually_	at the weekends.
2	l never	_ in the evenings.
3	l sometimes	in the summer.
4	I don't always	in the morning.
5	Loften	on holiday.

ONCE/TWICE A ...



4 Read the interview with Tobi and complete the rules.

Interviewer:	How often do you exercise, Tobi?
Tobi:	Well, I sometimes dance all night! But I also
	go to the gym once or twice a week.
Interviewer:	Do you ever leave the city and visit the
	beach or mountains?
Tobi:	Not very often. I like the city! I go to the
	countryside three or four times a year.

We can answer the question **How often?** with an adverb of frequency, or we can say how many times we do something a day/a week/a month/a year.

one time = 1 two times = 2 three/four/five times, etc.

5 Tell your partner about how often you do these things.

- go running
- go to the cinema
- cook a meal
- go to the beach
- buy new clothes
- dance

I don't often go to the cinema - maybe twice a year.

I go out dancing about once a month.



VOCABULARY

JOBS



O 013 Listen to these people talking about their jobs. Number the photos in the order you hear them and write the jobs.

mechanic photographer pilot police officer









2 Complete the descriptions with the correct jobs.

helps to keep people safe.

K	1	Α	repairs machines.
	2	Α	takes interesting photos.
	3	Α	flies planes.

PUSH YOURSELF BI

VOCABULARY: APPLYING FOR A JOB

So you want to be a journalist? For many young people it seems a glamorous job but remember the **salary** is low and the hours are long, especially at the beginning! You can study to get a **qualification** in journalism at some universities, but the most important thing really is to get **experience** writing articles for a small local or student newspaper, or for an online magazine or blog.

Newspapers usually select new employees using recruitment web sites first, so it's important to write a good CV too. An interesting CV that gets the employer's attention is the thing that gets you a personal interview, then at the interview you can show them some of your writing and hope they like it!





Read the text about how to become a journalist. Match the beginnings of the definitions (1-6) with the endings (a-f).

- A job interview is a meeting where you have to answer questions
- 2 Your salary is the money
- 3 You have experience of something
- 4 An employee is a person
- 5 Your CV is a written description
- 6 A qualification is something you get

- a when you have done it before.
- b who is paid to work for a company.
- of your education and other jobs.
- d you get for doing your job.
- e after you pass an exam.
- f to show that you are the right person for a job.

LISTENING PART 1

TRAINING

- Discuss the questions in pairs.
 - 1 What's your idea of a perfect job? Why?
 - 2 What is important for you in a job?
- 2 © 014 You are going to hear a journalist on the radio asking some people about work. Listen and choose the correct answer for question 1.
 - 1 What job does the woman want to do when she finishes her studies?







Read the question carefully. The woman will talk about all three jobs, but the question is asking about when she finishes her studies. Listen to the recording.

A is wrong because she is studying to be a nurse now but she doesn't want to work as a nurse. B is wrong because she will only become a teacher if she can't make any money as a DJ. C is correct because she wants to become a DJ after her course ends.

DID YOU KNOW?



American English speakers say sales clerk instead of shop assistant.

3 @ 015 Look at questions 2 and 3. In each question underline the important information you need to listen for. Then listen and choose the correct answer.

What does the police officer do first when he gets home from work?







3 What time does the man get up in the morning?





